



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION IV

345 COURTLAND STREET
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30365

FEB 3 1986

REF: 4WD-ER

Commander
Atlantic Division
Naval Facilities Engineering Command
Norfolk, Virginia 23511- 6287

Attention: J. R. Bailey, P.E.
Environmental Quality Branch

Dear Sir:

On November 1, 1985, Messrs. Mathis and Holdaway of this Agency met with Facilities Engineering Staff at MCB Camp Le Jeune to review activities and progress in assessment of past waste disposal practices through the NACIP program. During the course of discussion, the subject of ground water quality, and particularly the quality of the water obtained from wells in the Hadnot Point Area of Camp Le Jeune, was reviewed at some length.

Both Messrs. Holdaway and Mathis became aware that there was evidence, from sampling as early as 1983 or 1984, of diffuse contamination of the ground water with unspecified organic substances, and that as a result of detection of unspecified volatile organic compounds in raw potable water samples certain potable wells at Hadnot Point were taken out of service. In consideration of the fact that the major portion of the resident population of Camp Le Jeune, is dependent on the Hadnot Point well field as its potable water supply, the parties in the meeting agreed that any potential contamination of this resource should be investigated as expeditiously as practical. It was also established that there was no contamination detected in treated potable water distributed at Camp Le Jeune, however the extent and sensitivity of analytic procedures for specific organic substances was not fully discussed.

Mr. Mathis suggested it would be desirable to analyze ground water samples from the monitoring wells involved in the NACIP confirmation studies for the 129 priority pollutants (CFR261 Appendix 8), and that the same analysis should be performed on raw water from all potable wells to insure that there was no contamination of the Camp Le Jeune water supply. When EPA informally requested a copy of the analytical results from monitoring wells and potable wells, we were advised that these data were still in raw form and under review.

If these data are now available, please furnish us a copy. If these data have not been published yet, we would appreciate a brief description of what substances were analyzed, what substances were detected, and when the data will be available.

This Agency is concerned that a potential for human exposure to hazardous substances and hazardous wastes via the Camp Le Jeune water supply may exist due to the presence of such materials in ground water in the general vicinity of the potable well field. The existence of such a potential exposure would warrant consideration of this area for inclusion on the National Priority List, with an attendant increase in the expediency of investigation and remediation.

We appreciate your assistance in obtaining these data in order that this potentially significant problem may be addressed.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at (404) 347-3776 or FTS 257-3776.

Sincerely,



Arthur G. Linton, P.E.
Regional Federal Facilities Coordinator
Environmental Assessment Branch
Office of Policy and Management

cc: Commander, MCS Camp Le Jeune
Lee Herwig
Paul Hubbell, Navy Department, Washington, DC